

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/821,961	04/12/2004	Mieko Matsuda	251577US2RD	2367
22850	7590 06/14/2006		EXAMINER	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C.			GOODEN JR, BARRY J	
.,	DUKE STREET ANDRIA, VA 22314		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		3616	
			DATE MAILED: 06/14/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/821,961	MATSUDA ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Barry J. Gooden Jr.	3616
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	 I. hely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 Ap This action is FINAL. 2b) ☑ This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4)	vn from consideration. r election requirement. r. epted or b) □ objected to by the €	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)	/ \ □ ₋₁	(PTO 412)
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4/12/04. 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	

Application/Control Number: 10/821,961 Page 2

Art Unit: 3616

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

The Specification is filled with numerous grammatical errors, examiner suggests carefully reviewing the specification for errors and correcting them without entering new matter.

Examples of errors:

At page 5, line 3, "object along with a" should be replaced with "object along a".

At page 11, line 12, "positions those fulfills the" should be replaced with "positions fulfilling the".

At page 12, line 2, "based the position" should be replaced with "based on the position".

At page 23, line 18, "an bag system" should be replaced with "an air bag system".

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Objections

2. Claim 1 is objected to because of the following informalities:

Claim 1, line 7, "with" should be removed.

Claim 2, line 24, "with" should be removed.

Claim 3, line 14, "emits a" should be replaced with "emits an".

Claim 9, line 22, "shortest" should be replaced with "a shortest"

Claim 13, line 23, "with" should be removed.

Claim 14, line 19, "with" should be removed.

Claim 15, line 4, "with" should be removed

Claim 19, line 6, "with" should be removed.

Claim 22, line 5, "with" should be removed.

Claim 23, line 19, "with" should be removed.

Appropriate correction is required.

Application/Control Number: 10/821,961 Page 3

Art Unit: 3616

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 4. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 5. Claim 10 recites the limitation "the seat" in lines 3 and 4. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. Examiner suggests replacing "the seat" with "a seat".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 8. Claims 1-5, 8, 10-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ono, US Publication 2001/0052985 A1 in view of the applicant's disclosure.

With regards to claims 1-5, 8, 10-13, and 22, the limitation "a holding mechanism", does not provide a structure defining over the prior art. As the systems of the prior art are stationary during distance detecting operation, any structure maintaining the respective emitters and detectors, in relation to one another, would meet the limitation of "a holding mechanism".

Art Unit: 3616

In regards to claims 1-5, 8, 10-13, and 22, Ono discloses all of the claimed elements including a distance detecting apparatus comprising:

a light emitting unit (26), the light having a distributed pattern in a predetermined direction;

a photographing device (28);

a holding mechanism;

the light emitting unit and photographing device being held in relation to one another such that:

a. the photographing direction is not in a plane that includes both the light emitting direction and the predetermined direction of the distributed pattern, and

b. the photographing direction is not parallel to the light emitting direction; and

a distance deriving unit (80);

wherein the light emitting unit emits an infrared light, and

the photographing deice obtains an infrared image;

wherein the distance deriving unit derives a distance based on the image when the light emitting unit emits the light;

wherein the light emitting unit emits the light having a distributed pattern perpendicular to the light emitting direction;

further comprising:

a dividing unit (50) that divides the image into a plurality of regions; and
an identifying unit that identifies a position of the distributed pattern of light in the image
by calculating an average of a high-luminance part in each of the regions;

wherein the distance deriving unit stores a relation between positions of the distributed pattern of the light in the image and distances, and derives the distance by referring to the relation stored;

wherein the distance deriving unit derives the distance based on a position of the distributed pattern of the light in the image, by extracting a high luminance part in the image, and identifying whether the high-luminance part corresponds to the position of the distributed pattern of the light in the image;

further comprising:

a memory unit;

Art Unit: 3616

a processor;

wherein the distance deriving unit derives a distance between the object and a predetermined position based on a position of the pattern light in the image (Reference is made to the Abstract and Figures 1, 3, 4, and 6).

In regards to claims 14-21 and 23, Ono discloses all of the claimed elements including deriving a distance between the object and a predetermined position based on an interval between the pattern lights in the image.

Ono discloses all of the claimed elements excluding an airbag system wherein the light emitting unit emits the light towards a front side of a vehicle seat.

Applicant has disclosed (page 1, lines 18-22) that it is common practice to detect a distance between an object and a predetermined point, and to use the detected distance as a parameter to control something. For instance, it is known to control spreading out of an air bag in case of a car accident based on the distance between a passenger and a predetermined point.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the distance detecting apparatus of Ono in view of the applicant's disclosure to include controlling an air bag deployment so as to provide secure and controlled deployment that may reduce injury.

9. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ono in view of the applicant's disclosure as applied to claim 2 above, and further in view of Adachi, US Patent 6,572,139.

In regards to claim 6, Ono in view of the applicant's disclosure teaches all of the claimed elements excluding a discretely distributed pattern.

Adachi teaches of a discretely distributed pattern (Reference is made to Figure 12).

Art Unit: 3616

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the distributed pattern of Ono in view of the applicant's disclosure in view of the teachings of Adachi to include being discretely distributed so as to provide a more accurate distance measurement.

10. Claims 1-4 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hillebrand et al., US Patent 6,678,598.

With regards to claims 1-4 and 7, the limitation "a holding mechanism", does not provide a structure defining over the prior art. As the systems of the prior art are stationary during distance detecting operation, any structure maintaining the respective emitters and detectors, in relation to one another, would meet the limitation of "a holding mechanism".

In regards to claims 1-4 and 7, Hillebrand et al discloses all of the claimed elements including a distance detecting apparatus for controlling an air bag system comprising:

a light emitting unit that emits a light in a light emitting direction having a distributed pattern and being infrared;

a photographing device;

a holding mechanism;

the light emitting unit and photographing device being held in relation to one another such that:

- a. the photographing direction is not in a plane that includes both the light emitting direction and the predetermined direction of the distributed pattern, and
- b. the photographing direction is not parallel to the light emitting direction; and

a distance deriving unit;

wherein the light emitting unit emits an infrared light, and

the photographing deice obtains an infrared image;

wherein the distance deriving unit derives a distance based on the image when the light emitting unit emits the light;

wherein the distance deriving unit further comprises an identifying unit that identifies a position of the distributed pattern of the light in the image by comparing a first image that is an image when the light Application/Control Number: 10/821,961 Page 7

Art Unit: 3616

emitting unit emits the light and a second image that is an image when the light emitting unit does not emit the light.

Art Unit: 3616

Allowable Subject Matter

Page 8

11. Claim 9 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

12. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Barry J. Gooden Jr. whose telephone number is (571) 272-5135. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00am-4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paul N. Dickson can be reached on (571) 272-6669. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Barry J Gooden Jr. Examiner

Art Unit 3616

BJG

ERIC CULBRETH PRIMARY EXAMINER